## 85 Have and have got



1 Look at this example with have: They always have breakfast at seven o'clock.

POSITIVE I/you/we/they He/she/it	have has	
NEGATIVE I/you/we/they He/she/it	full FORM do not have does not have	short form don't have doesn't have
QUESTIONS Do Does	I/you/we/they he/she/it	have?

2 Look at this example with have got: *I've got three brothers.* 

POSITIVE I/you/we/they He/she/it	FULL FORM have got has got	've got's got
NEGATIVE I/you/we/they He/she/it	have not got has not got	haven't got hasn't got
QUESTIONS Have Has	I/you/we/they he/she/it	got?

- 3 We can use have or have got:
  - ► to talk about the things we possess:

    We have a house in Spain.

    We've got a house in Spain.

    Paul doesn't have a car.

    Paul hasn't got a car.

    Do you have any money?

    Have you got any money?
  - ► to talk about our families: Jane has a brother and a sister. Jane's got a brother and a sister.
  - to describe people:
     She has blue eyes.
     She's got blue eyes.
     Does your brother have long hair or short hair?
     Has your brother got long hair or short hair?
  - ► to say that we are not feeling well: I have a headache. I've got a headache.
- 4 We use have (NOT have got) to talk about meals and holidays, and with a bath, a shower, or a wash:

  Do you normally have a big breakfast?

  Have a good holiday!

  She's having a shower at the moment.

I always have a wash before I go out.

## **Practice**

	Vrite positive or negative sentences or questions, using <i>have got</i> and the words n brackets ( ).		
	<ul> <li>(she/not/brown eyes) She hasn't got brown eyes.</li> <li>(he/a flat/in the town centre)</li> <li>(you/a car?)</li> <li>(I/not/a brother)</li> <li>(she/a headache)</li> </ul>		
	5 (Steve/brown hair?)		
Now write sentences or questions using <i>have</i> in the Present Simple ( <i>have</i> , <i>ldon't have</i> , etc.).			
	<ul> <li>(we/always/eggs/for breakfast) We always have eggs for breakfast.</li> <li>(John/always/a holiday in August)</li> <li>(she/a bath/every Friday)</li> </ul>		

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	8 9 10	(you/a shower/in the morning?) (I/always/lunch/in the park) (They/not/a swimming pool)				
В	Pu	ut the words in brackets ( ) in the correct order to complete the dialogues.				
	•	(got – I've – two brothers)	A: Have you got any brothers or sisters?  B: Yes, I've got two brothers.			
	1	(in Edinburgh – a flat – she's got)	A: Does your sister live in Scotland? B: Yes,			
	2	(you – got – have – a headache?)	A: What's the matter?			
	3	(blonde hair – she – got – hasn't)	B: No, but I feel tired. A: Jane's tall and blonde. B: No, you're wrong.			
	4 (have – you – do – a holiday every year?)					
			B: No, I don't.			
	5	(he's – a shower – having)	A: Where's Michael? Is he ready?			
			B: No,			
	6	(a car – I – got – haven't)	A: Are you going to drive to Scotland?			
	_		B: No,			
	1	(you – dinner at seven? – have – do)	A:B: No, we always eat at seven-thirty.			
C Some of the sentences are wrong. Rewrite the wrong sentences are the correct sentences.		e the wrong sentences and tick (🗸)				
		We've got a holiday in Mexico every year.				
		Paul's got a sister in Scotland				
	1	She is tired, but she doesn't have a cold.				
		I haven't got lunch every day.				
	3 Have you got a shower every day?					
	4	Have you got an English dictionary?				
5 Do you have a headache?						
6 I have got a holiday in Spain every year						
7 We've got a large garden.						
8 I've got a bath at ten and I go to bed at eleven.						
	9	They've get two dogs.				
	10 They've got two dogs.  11 Have got a good weekend!					
	11	Have you got a motorbike?				
	12	HAVE YOU GOLA HICKULDIKE!				



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